

Submission in Response to the Rotuma Petition; Rotuma Bills 6 & 7 of 2015

The Standing Committee for Social Affairs
Committee Unit
Parliament of the Republic of Fiji
PO Box 2352, Government Building,
Suva, Republic of Fiji
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Cc: RIC - Rotuma Island Council.

RE: ROTUMA ACT 2015 AND ROTUMA LANDS ACT 2015.

Terms used in this submission.

- RIC - Rotuma Island Council.
- UN - United Nations.
- UNCLOS - United Nations Conventions Law Of the Seas.
- LOS - Laws Of the Sea.
- EEZ – Exclusive Economic Zone.
- FICAC - Fiji Independent Commission Against Corruption.
- FUAGRI – Main land parcel where other land belongs to in the current Land register held in the Rotuma District Officers records.

This submission is from the following Rotumans.

- Captain Fuata Jione – Rotuman - born on Rotuma Island – Australian citizen, joint owner of a residential home in Suva and investment property in Denarau Island, Fiji and financially support families in Fiji and Rotuma. Pays income tax to the Independent State of Papua New Guinea and Australia and indirect taxes to Fiji since 2000. Rotates on a 28 day on/ 28 day off to work in the PNG/LNG with Oilsearch Ltd since 2003 from Fiji.

“FUAGRI-SALOSA” (Paternal) and “Keua” (Maternal) Itu’muta Rotuma.

- Aleksio Jione. – Rotuman - Fiji citizen and Resident of Rotuma. Custodian of **“FUAGRI-SALOSA” ITU’MUTA ROTUMA. Telephone authority to be included in this submission.**

This submission is based on the very basic fundamental legal right of an individual in any civilised/democratic country as contained in International Law, the Laws of the Land and/or the Sea to be heard.

It is a basic right that every Rotuman as defined in the Rotuma Act is entitled to independent legal advice on these laws as proposed to be amended that will affect them. That process remains to be accorded to a lot of Rotumans on Rotuma Island.

As indigenous Rotumans with sovereign rights to the land and the sea surrounding Rotuma since the 1881 deed of Cession and as contained in the current Rotuma Act, any change of laws proposed by the Fiji Government and in compliance with International Law must continue to reflect the legal rights of indigenous and traditional owners of Rotuma Island and the surrounding sea.

The current Rotuma Act and Rotuma Lands Act protect those rights that may only need **minor** amendments to comply with State and International Law.

The Fiji Government since 1970 has undergone so many coups, the first in 1987 and **many** constitutional changes since. There is no need for us to elaborate on those constitutional changes since Fiji's independence and Rotuma coming under Fiji's administration post-colonial rule.

But the laws of Rotuma protecting Rotumans indigenous rights, their heritage and sovereignty over the land and the surrounding sea has never changed nor any known civil unrest on the island paradise since Fijis independence in 1970 to warrant draconian changes as proposed in the Rotuma Act 2015 and Rotuma Lands Act 2015.

Given Fijis history since independence, there is no guarantee there will be no more coups in Fiji. Rotumans on Rotuma Island have **NO** control of Fiji's coup cycle other than to do all it can to protect Rotumas sovereignty and rights each time Fiji goes through a constitutional change.

We understood that a review of the Rotuma Act and Lands Act took place between 2010 to 2013 but the findings of the review has not been publicised to reflect the wishes of the people or for further comment by all Rotumans who made submissions.

The review process of the Rotuma Acts was undertaken at the same time the 2013 Constitution submissions were called for where the Government pre-democratic elections installed the "2013 Constitution" as they see fit.

In the current Rotuma Acts issues that affect Rotumans are dealt in this manner.

Any issues raised by the RIC or the Fiji government on affairs of the Island and its economic needs are passed down to the seven district level meetings and decisions of the people are sort and relayed back to the RIC. Likewise any issues from district level are taken up to the RIC since 1881 and since 1970 following Fijis Independence.

The bills before the Fiji Parliament have **NOT** gone through that traditional, customary and democratic process that Rotumans are accustomed to which is spelt out in the current laws. The RIC **does not have absolute power** under the current Rotuma Act to make decisions with the Fiji government to change the laws without first seeking a **final approval** from the people of Rotuma Island or its descendants.

- On May 13th 2014 the Prime Minister of Fiji was accorded the highest Traditional welcome ceremony on Rotuma soil and opened Rotuma Day celebration. This is clear evidence of the Prime Minister of Fiji accepting Rotumas sovereignty since May 1881. During this visit there is **NO** evidence to say that the draft bills were presented to the RIC or more **importantly** to the people of Rotuma as the review team concluded its findings in 2013.
- The author of this submission was in Fiji with his family as “Chief Guest” for the Suva/Rotuma association Rotuma Day celebration as the Prime Minister accepted the invitation of the RIC to be **“Chief Guest”** in Rotuma in 2014 instead of the Suva/Rotuma 2014 celebrations.
- Before and after the 2014 general election the elected Government sent FICAC officers to Rotuma to carry out an audit of the RIC books and accounts.
- That audit has **NOT** been released to the people of Rotuma. Whether this action is a means to force the RIC to relinquish power and the voice of the people of Rotuma as reflected in the proposed law before the parliament remains a mystery. If there is any impropriety and/or misuse of funds belonging to the people of Rotuma by the RIC than there are existing laws that deals with such deeds. It does **NOT** warrant law changes to exonerate such deeds nor remove the Powers of the RIC who are the voice of the people of Rotuma in the current Rotuma Act. **Refer section 21 of the Rotuma Act 2015.**
- On May 13th 2015; again in recognising Rotumas sovereignty since 1881 a minister of the present Government and the Commissioner Eastern again opened the Rotuma Day celebration on Rotuma Island. But still **“none of the bills”** have been sighted by the RIC and/or the Rotuman people until it was tabled for the first time in the Fiji Parliament on May 14th 2015 one day after the Rotuma day celebration. As reported in the Fiji Times during the Commissioner Eastern tour of Rotuma on May 14-15th 2015 and ‘quote’ “that Rotumans will be happy when the new bills are passed into law that will assist Rotumans to resolve land disputes”.
- An abstract from a member of the RIC - Antonio Muaera Rotuma; Reply to Tomasi Taukave posted in the FT 15/3/13 for the Forum: “To state that Mr Misau will be taken to court is rather harsh and indicated a lack of appreciation. I have raised my concern in the RIC Chamber in the presence of Mr Misau and the constitution Review team that copies of the reviewed documents needed to be made available to the RIC and the Rotuman people to peruse and raise their concerns if any prior to the gazetting”. This is proof that the RIC and its people specifically requested the draft bills are returned for review before it is tabled in Parliament as approved by the people as the law to govern Rotuma. The view of

Mr Taukave is representative of the mood of the people now after the tabling of the bills in parliament.

- Rotumans only became aware of the two Bills before the parliament and its implications after it was first tabled in parliament on May 14th and copies released to the public thereafter. The majority of Rotumans in Fiji and abroad who has sort limited legal opinion and advices have expressed their disapproval by way of signed Petition in addition to the number of signed petitions submitted to the Parliament and Speaker.

“**Rotumans**” will continue to celebrate **ROTUMA DAY ON MAY 13TH** around the world every year because that is the **first** legal recognition with the rest of the world for Rotumans as an indigenous race and the **ONLY** Traditional Landowners of Rotuma Islands and sovereign rights to the waters defined in the 1881 Deed of Cession to the United Kingdom and in the current Rotuma Acts. Those rights to the resources in the sovereign waters in and around Rotuma made in 1881 had to be redefined under the UN LOS convention that came into force in 1982.

History of Rotuma Affairs under the Fijian Administration.

Rotuma came under Fiji Administration in October 1970 with a defined boundary of the surrounding sea Post-Colonial rule.

In the old Westminster parliament Fiji adopted since independence there is a lower and upper house (senate) where Rotumas interest is represented by a Senator and a Rotuman seating (MP) in the lower house.

The new Fiji Parliament after the 2006 coup and since September 2014 reduces Rotumas parliamentary representation to **NIL** and the people’s voices at this stage are at the mercy of the Standing Committee for Social Affairs.

We; Rotumans are fed up with Fiji’s coup culture since 1987 and have been subjected to too many false promises from politicians and successive governments for far too long. Most development projects in Rotuma by this government or any previous government seem to appear when elections are approaching following a coup and/or a change of constitution that are long-term unsustainable.

The Definition of Rotuma as Contained in the Rotuma Act.

We submit that:

The definition of Rotuma is the **“legal cornerstone”** for Rotumas future economic survival to trade with Fiji and the outside world and also protects the legal rights of the inhabitants and all Rotumans defined under the current Rotuma Act to the resources of the land and/or the sea. The UN gave that official recognition for **“Archipelagic States”** to claim rights to sea territories outside the archipelago waters for economic means and at the same time comply with the LOS conventions for the safety of vessels and life at sea that Fiji ratified in 1982.

Abstract from Fiji Maritime Claim document dated November 30th 1984. For the purpose of its Marine Spaces Act, **the Government of Fiji has distinguished the Fiji Archipelago from the Island of Rotuma and its dependencies** and from the island of Ceva-i-Ra. Separate baseline systems are defined for each of these areas. Because of distances between Rotuma and the main island group and between Ceva-i-Ra and the main island group, it was impossible for Fiji, under the provisions of the 1982 Law of the Sea Convention (LOS Convention), to draw one archipelagic baseline system that would incorporate every Fijian island.

We note that the Australian Navy vessel HMAS Leeuwin has recently conducted surveys of the seabed and waters of Rotuma in the month of August 2015. Rotuma and its dependency Archipelago must comply with International Maritime Law to have proper navigation charts for safe navigation in the ARCHIPELAGO waters, territorial sea and the EEZ zones. We fully support the work by the Australian Navy Hydrographic vessel Leeuwin.

Rotuma is an **“Archipelagic State”** and is defined in the **Rotuma Act** under the control of the RIC **ELECTED** by its people since 1881 until today. Since 1970 Rotuma came under the Fijian government administration and the Rotuma Acts were gazetted as laws of Fiji specifically for governing Rotuma.

According to Article 47(1) of the LOS Convention: **“An archipelagic State”** may draw straight archipelagic baselines joining the outermost points of the outermost islands and drying reefs of the archipelago provided that within such baselines are included the main islands and an area in which the ratio of the area of the water to the area of the land, including atolls, is between 1 to 1 and 9 to 1.”

Rotuma Island Land mass is **so small that its economic dependency solely lies outside the Rotuma Archipelagic waters baseline** as determined under UN rules for the establishment of the 12nm and the 200nm EEZ sea boundary. That prior claim since 1881 before the UN was formed in 1940 and the 1982 LOS and Fiji has

recognised prior ownership by Rotumans of its economic rights to resources of the sea in their Territorial and EEZ zone submission to the UN in 2008 and 2012.

Therefore; the Rotuma Act namely the **“definition of Rotuma”** must be properly amended before the Fiji Parliament to reflect the legal rights of Rotumans as Traditional owners of Rotuma Islands Archipelago, its dependency, rocks, fisheries and all rights to resources in the territorial sea lying 12nm from the archipelago waters baseline and all rights to the resources in the 200nm EEZ area assigned under International Maritime Law and as submitted to the UN by Fiji in 2012 for “Rotuma and its dependency Archipelago”.

Should there be border disputes with Fiji in regards to resources in the 200nm EEZ zone then the people of Rotuma can lay a claim against Fiji before the International Court of Justice and Arbitration as the proper jurisdictional court to seek redress.

Territorial Sea – 12nm Zone (Claim for Rotuma and its Dependency Archipelago).

- Prior to the advent of the “UNCLOS” in 1982 Rotumas claim to the 12 nm territorial sea area from the **Rotuma Archipelago** was noted in the 1881 deed of Cession to the United Kingdom and continues as contained in the definition of Rotuma in the current Rotuma Act. **Refer to plot on Map supplied in Yellow.**

Under the **“UNCLOS”** Convention a country may claim a 12-nautical-mile territorial sea, measured from baselines determined in accordance with the Convention. Fiji claims that the territorial sea for Rotuma extends from the straight baselines of Rotuma Islands and its dependencies Archipelago as submitted in 2008 and 2012.

The **“12 nm Territorial Sea”** claimed for Rotuma by Fiji under the new LOS is well inside the latitude and longitude sea boundary claimed and contained in the definition of Rotuma in the current Rotuma Act and 1881 deed of cession sea boundary claimed for Rotuma Island. The revised definition of Rotuma must reflect the new sea territory claimed by Fiji for Rotuma under the new UN rules. This territorial sea boundary must be charted in compliance with the 1982 LOS and ships navigating these waters to comply with state laws. Rotumans can claim economic dependency inside these territorial waters.

The approximate area encompassed by Fiji's claimed territorial sea (12nm zone) for Rotuma is:

- **Rotuma Archipelago = 3,225 sq. km (940 sq. nm) . From the baseline submitted by Fiji for Rotuma in 2008.**

- This area maybe slightly more since Fiji amended the Marine Spaces Act CAP 158A in 2012 defining Rotuma as an **“Archipelago”** in the definition under Article 47(1) of the LOS convention.

Exclusive Economic Zone 200nm (EEZ).

Prior to the advent of the “UNCLOS” in 1982 Rotuma’s **claim** to waters around the **“Rotuma Archipelago”** beyond the 12nm territorial sea was declared in the 1881 deed of Cession to the United Kingdom and as contained in the current definition of Rotuma in the Rotuma Act. **Refer to Plot on Map supplied in orange colour.**
Therefore any revised claim under the UNCLOS must also reflect Rotumas prior claim and rights to these waters since 1881. [See Appendix 1 on p. 13]

- In 2001 following the 2000 coup the Rotuma Island Council as the representative of the people of Rotuma submitted (see item 5 documents attached) a claim to the Constitutional review committee for this 200nm EEZ sea territory claim as part of Rotumas inheritance.
- In 2012 Fiji amended the baseline for Rotuma and its dependency Archipelago with the UN to claim rights to the 200nm EEZ for Rotuma.
- In 2013 Fiji installed a new Constitution. But the coup of 2006 and the 2013 Constitution cannot be legal justification to remove the lawful and legal rights of the inhabitants of Rotuma Island to the economic benefits from the resources in the 200nm EEZ as claimed by Fiji with the UN in 2012.
- In May 2015 the Rotuma Act was submitted to Parliament removing the definition of Rotuma in the Rotuma Act 2015 which has been law since the 1881 deed of cession.

Section 6 of the Marine Spaces Act **defines the exclusive economic zone as extending 200 nautical miles from the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured (paragraph 1).** *[See Appendix 2 on p. 14]*

In areas where neighbouring states (**Applicable to Rotuma Act Sea Boundary**) are situated less than 400 nautical miles from Fijian baselines, the economic zone shall extend to the median line (paragraph 3). Within the economic zone, Fiji claims sovereign rights "for the purpose of exploring and exploiting, conserving and managing the natural resources, whether living or non-living of the seabed and subsoil and the superjacent waters" (Section 9, para. 2). Section 11 authorizes the Foreign Affairs Minister to make regulations for the economic zone, in accordance with the rules of international law, for purposes related to:

- the conduct of scientific research;
- the exploration and exploitation of the EEZ for the
 - production of energy from the waters, currents, and winds, and for
 - other economic purposes;
- the construction, operation, and use of artificial
 - islands, installations, and structures including, but not

- confined to, the establishment of safety zones around
- islands, installations and structures;
- prescribing measures for the protection and preservation
- Of the marine environment of the EEZ.

Rotuma Lands Act.

It is our proposal that land in Rotuma continue to be managed under Rotuman custom and tradition. Land in Rotuma has been registered with the District Officer and records are kept already. If there is further registration required it should be a matter of complying with modern day recording. It should not be the case now that Rotumans having to prove to a government run Lands Commission ownership of the land.

If the government or any prospective investor wants to invest in Rotuma than they should **negotiate in good faith** and **pay landowners** the appropriate lease money in today's rates to carry out their business. There is no need to align Rotuma land ownership with the Itaukei system as the people of Rotuma will **not accept it.**

The oneness should be on Rotumans to update their land register and ownership but we don't accept that in this day and age since Rotumans have lived in harmony since 1881 that we have to prove to the Fiji Government Lands Commission as to who owns what piece of land in Rotuma.

Points to Consider.

1. The financial resources (millions of dollars) required setting up the proposed Rotuma Lands Commission at this stage of Fiji's economy and the dissent from the Rotuma community shown already will make it unworkable and will be a waste of tax payer's money that can be diverted to essential services needed by the people of Rotuma. We believe there is no legal obligation to comply with the Rotuma Lands Commission as we already occupy the land for centuries under our Rotuman custom and Tradition. The Lands Commission will only replace what is already in place and working. We believe it can only hear cases when disputes arise.
2. There are cheaper ways of resolving **alleged** land disputes and the proposed law will only fill lawyer's pockets and further alienate the poor Rotuman community. There are no known land disputes in the courts in Fiji at the present time. The last known alleged land dispute that I am aware of was in 1995 when a group of Rotumans and a resort operator wanted to remove a family relative on the Hanua ne Kainaga because she does **not agree** to construct a resort on the land.
3. We can accurately tell you know that there is **NO** piece of dirt on Rotuma Island, reef, rocks, fisheries and the resources of the surrounding sea that has not been claimed by Rotumans.
4. Successful leasing of Rotuma land was recently executed between landowners and Exxon/Mobil products oil terminal but business failed to continue in Rotuma

because the Fiji Government and the Rotuma Island Council brought their own fuel supplies from Shell in Fiji that later forced its closure.

5. Burns Phillip and MH's were able to utilise land in Rotuma with landowners without any known land disputes until they wound up business and the land reverted to the traditional land owners.
6. The leasing of land to build the airstrip at Malha'a was successfully done and the airstrip was built and operating since the 1980s. If landowners want a revised lease arrangement than proper negotiations must take place and it is a right of landowners who have lost the use of their land to be properly compensated. To date there is no threat from landowners to shut the airstrip or disrupt services.
7. There is **NO** known land dispute to shut down the wharf at Oinafa and operations appear normal since the wharf was erected some thirty years ago. However if landowners want to renegotiate their land lease than it is a right of the landowners under Fijis constitution.
8. Recently the Fiji Military gets a budget allocation of over \$100million per year. Foreign peace keeping assignments I believe were funded by the UN.
9. With that budget to date I don't see the Fiji Navy properly patrolling the 200nm EEZ zone for Fiji and Rotuma Island since 1982 when Fiji ratified the LOS and raised a paper for sea claim with the UN in 1984, 2008 and 2012. These tax payers money must be put to good use so there is a proper monetary return from resources of the sea back to the Fiji economy and hence benefit Rotuma.
10. Consumption tax is at its highest at 15% vat compared to other countries applying the same tax regime in the region. The consumers in Rotuma are the main losers with added transport costs.
11. The government incentive as a tax free zone only applies to investment over \$250,000 in Rotuma.
12. Air travel cost to and from Rotuma is around \$680 to \$720FJD one way more expensive than to fly one-way to Australia and/or New Zealand.

Based on the above there is nothing to prevent the Fiji Government delivering essential infrastructure on Rotuman land if the Rotuma Lands Act 2015 does not pass through the parliament as is.

The revised definition of Rotuma in the Rotuma Act 2015 removing the legal rights of Rotumans from the resources of the sea inherited since 1881 deed of cession appears to be the motive after the Fiji Government claimed Rotumas rights to the 200nm EEZ area with the UN in 2008 and 2012.

There are sufficient laws in existence such as the Fisheries Act, Marine Spaces Act CAP 158A, Continental Shelf Act CAP 149, and the Tax Administration Decree of 2009 to name a few for the Fiji Government and the RIC to work closely and deliver essential services from taxes they collect from the people of Rotuma and/or from the resources of the sea in the current legislation and resource management systems in place with proper dialogue with the Rotuman community and the inhabitants.

We and other Rotumans are **VERY** firm to retain the definition of Rotuma as contained in the current Rotuma Act to be amended to be in line with the Marine Spaces CAP 158A and to reflect their prior claims since 1881 and claims Fiji made on behalf of Rotuma Island and its dependency Archipelago to comply with International Maritime Law.

All rights of Rotumans to resources of the seabed in Rotumas 200nm EEZ zone are reserved at this stage for future claims and negotiation with the Fiji Government.

Based on the above, it is our humble request that the Standing Committee recommend to the Parliament of Fiji that the bills are removed from parliament, returned to the people in Rotuma, Fiji and abroad so proper democratic process is given to all Rotumans for their voices to be heard for any amendments to be made to the current Rotuma Act and Rotuma Lands Act to reflect the wish of all Rotumans before passing into law.

NOTE:

The main author of this submission is a Rotuman, a certified Master Mariner issued by the Australian Maritime Safety Authority (1990), holds a Diploma in Nautical Science from the Australian Maritime College (1984) and has thirty five (35) years of extensive and wide experience in International and Territorial maritime matters from the Australian Shipping Industry, Australian Offshore Oil and Gas and now with the PNG/LNG Oil and Gas operations.

Defended his professional career as **MASTER** before the Australian Federal Parliamentary inquiry under the **Australian Navigation Act 1912** and the Western Australian State Parliamentary Inquiry under the **Petroleum Submerged Lands Act without a lawyer** from **1994 to 1998**. Subjected to expert investigators from the North Sea Oil and Gas headed by Sir Tony Butler (“implemented PIPER ALPHA recommendations”) and trialled by the Australian media during those investigations.

But in any written Law if it adheres to proper **“LEGAL STANDARDS”**; the rights of individuals (end user) and the custodian of the law are adequately protected.

The proposed Rotuma Act 2015 and the Rotuma Lands Act 2015 does not comply with proper **“LEGAL STANDARDS”** and will create more disputes than initially intended to resolve **“alleged”** land/territory disputes in Rotuma.

The Fiji Government and the RIC must release to the people of Rotuma FICAC’s investigation of the Rotuma Development Fund status up to 2014 under the control of the RIC before the new laws can be amended.

Most Rotumans left the Island to seek further education and employment abroad and continues to financially support families in Rotuma. Most return to spend their retirement on the Island Paradise.

It is important that their views are also considered in the proposed law changes.

Rotuma Island and Fiji are in some ways similar to the governing regime of Australia. You have the Federal Government (Fiji) and the State government (RIC).

The Rotuma Act and Rotuma Lands Acts are like State laws for the running and management of Rotuma affairs and The Fiji government is like the Federal government that oversees the conduct of those laws and as the main provider of economic and government essential services as it is the main legislature for the collection of VAT, company tax and personal Income tax.

There is **NO** provision in the current Rotuma Act as to how much of those taxes from resources of the sea that rightfully belong to the people of Rotuma Island are brought back to Rotuma since Fijis Independence in 1970 and Rotuma became an economic dependency of Fiji.

The Rotuma development fund cannot be resourced from a proposed 10% levy from the sale of farmers produce and/or sale of fish stocks from inside the Rotuma Islands Archipelagic waters. A levy was once imposed on copra sales “CESS” deducted from every copra sale RCA made with farmers to the RIC. This money to date is not sufficient to support any known development in Rotuma nor has it been disclosed to the Rotuman people as to how much was collected in the past.

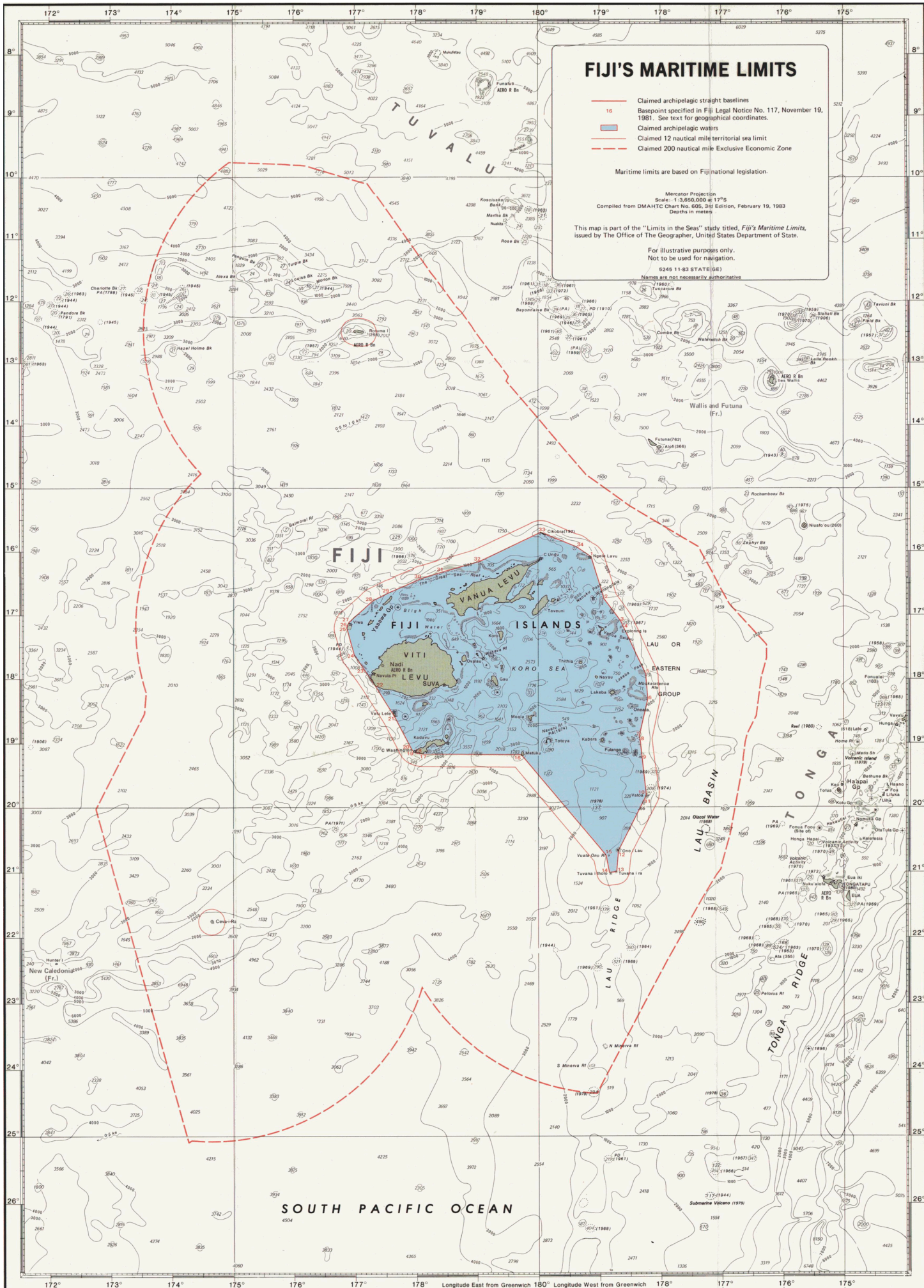
Please be advised that this is a formal **“dispute notification”** of our disapproval to certain parts of the bills mentioned in the Rotuma Petition as traditional owners of Rotuma Island as defined in the current Rotuma Act.

We seek proper amendments to the Rotuma Act as outlined above before passing into law.

Attached to support this submission are the following documents raised by the above and submitted to this Honourable Parliamentary Standing Committee for Social Affairs for consideration.

1. Correspondence to the Prime Minister of Fiji dated July 4th 2015.
2. Acknowledgement from the Prime Minister’s Office July 10th 2015.
3. Correspondence to the Minister for Labour and Employment July 3rd.
4. Response from the Minister of Labour and employment July 4th 2015.
5. Rotuma Island Council submission to the Constitutional review committee in 2001 extracted from the Rotuma website.

6. Fiji's Maritime Claims and Map outline of sea territories belonging to Rotuma since 1881 deed of Cession and sea boundary in the current Rotuma Act and the sea territories claimed for Rotuma by Fiji extracted from a document Fiji obtained from the US in 1982 in response to the new UN International Maritime Laws of the Sea that Fiji ratified in 1982.
7. Fiji's submission to the UN for Rotuma and its dependency baseline and sea territory claim for Rotuma under the UN International Maritime Law (1982) in 2008.
8. Fiji's submission to the UN for Rotuma and its dependency Archipelago baseline and sea territory claim for Rotuma under the UN International Maritime Law (1982) in 2012.



FIJI'S MARITIME LIMITS

- Claimed archipelagic straight baselines
Basepoint specified in Fiji Legal Notice No. 117, November 19, 1981. See text for geographical coordinates.
- Claimed archipelagic waters
- Claimed 12 nautical mile territorial sea limit
- - - Claimed 200 nautical mile Exclusive Economic Zone

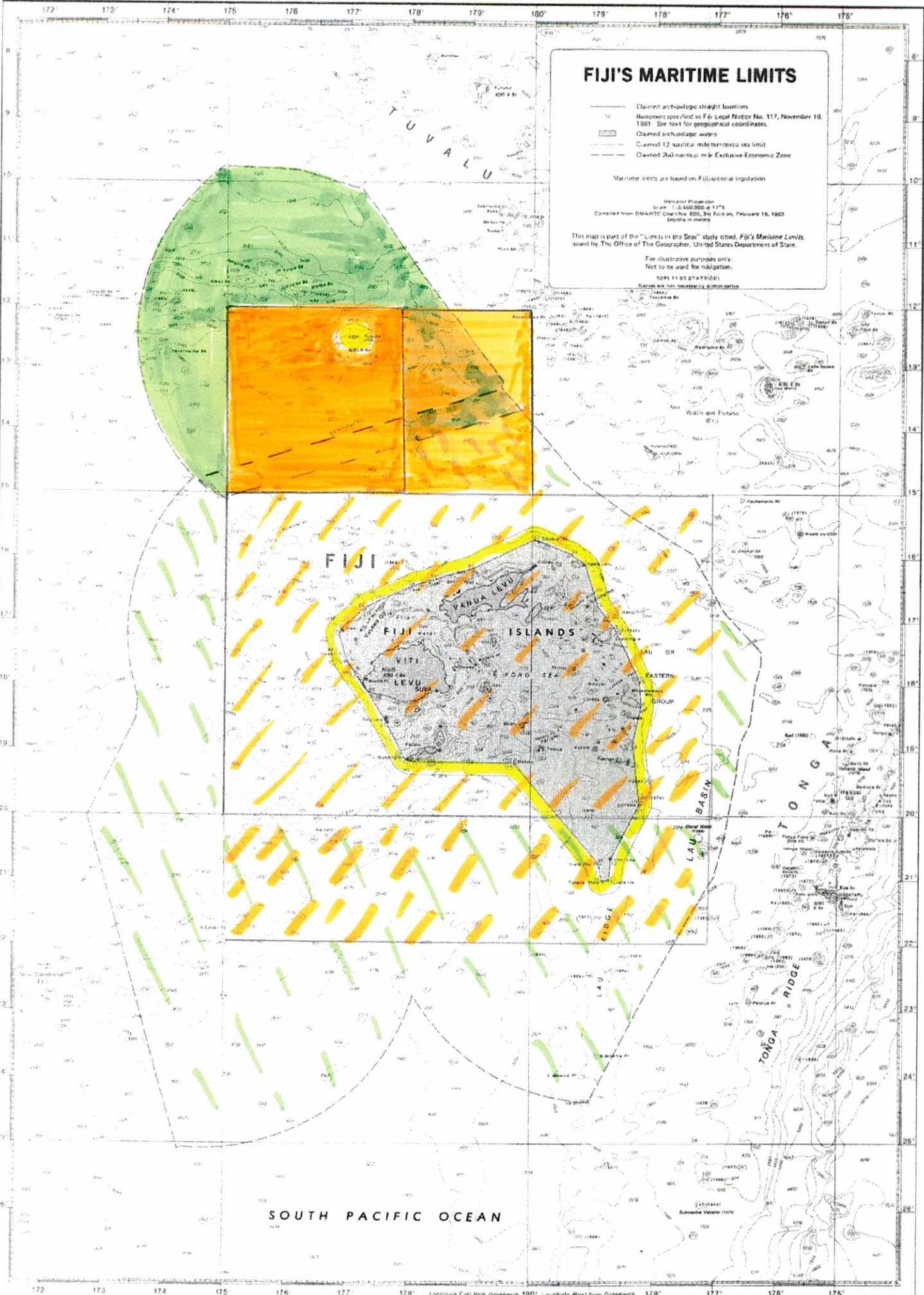
Maritime limits are based on Fijianational legislation.

Mercator Projection
Scale: 1:3,650,000 at 17°S
Compiled from DMAHTC Chart No. 606, 3rd Edition, February 19, 1983
Depths in meters

This map is part of the "Limits in the Seas" study titled, *Fiji's Maritime Limits*, issued by The Office of The Geographer, United States Department of State.

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Names are not necessarily authoritative

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN



FIJI'S MARITIME LIMITS

- Claimed archipelagic straight baselines
- Baseline specified in Fiji Legal Notice No. 117, November 19, 1981. See text for geographical coordinates.
- Claimed waters
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Maritime limits are based on Fijian national legislation.

Meridian Projection
 Scale 1:3,500,000 at 17°S
 Compiled from DMAHTC Chart No. 605, 3rd Edition, February 19, 1983
 Depths in meters

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Accuracy not necessarily guaranteed

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN

GOVERNMENT OF FIJI GAZETTE SUPPLEMENT

No. 40

FRIDAY, 9th NOVEMBER

2012

[LEGAL NOTICE NO. 82]

MARINE SPACES ACT (CAP. 158A)

Marine Spaces (Territorial Seas) (Rotuma and its Dependencies) (Amendment) Order 2012

IN exercise of the powers conferred upon me by section 4 of the Marine Spaces Act (Cap. 158A) and in accordance with the rules of international law, I hereby make the following Order—

Short title and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Marine Spaces (Territorial Seas) (Rotuma and its Dependencies) (Amendment) Order 2012, and shall come into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

2. The Marine Spaces (Territorial Seas) (Rotuma and its Dependencies) Order shall be referred to as the “Principal Order”.

Order 2 amended

3. Order 2 of the Principal Order is amended by deleting—

- (a) “World Geodetic System 1972 (WGS72) datum,” and substituting “International Terrestrial Reference System 2005 (ITRS2005) Geodetic Datum”; and
- (b) “, plus 3 seconds of latitude and plus 2 seconds of longitude in each case”.

Schedule amended

4. The Schedule to the Principal Order is deleted and substituted with the following—

“SCHEDULE
(Order 2)

ROTUMA AND ITS DEPENDENCIES ARCHIPELAGO

No.	Latitude (ITRS2005)	Longitude (ITRS2005)	Reference
70	12° 31' 15.61" S	177° 8' 57.06" E	Northern further most point of Afgaha Island
71	12° 30' 14.40" S	177° 8' 44.70" E	Eastern point on reef off Marama Point
72	12° 29' 49.02" S	177° 8' 31.49" E	Point on the reef off Paptea Point
73	12° 29' 42.32" S	177° 8' 27.73" E	Point on the reef off Ohu Point
74	12° 29' 38.60" S	177° 8' 25.51" E	Point on the reef off Ohu Point
75	12° 28' 38.33" S	177° 7' 31.81" E	North Point along reef on Hautiu Island
76	12° 28' 37.82" S	177° 7' 31.14" E	North Point along reef on Hautiu Island
77	12° 27' 42.76" S	176° 59' 29.16" E	Northeast Point along reef on Uea Island
78	12° 27' 42.90" S	176° 59' 15.67" E	Northwest Point along reef on Uea Island
79	12° 27' 43.18" S	176° 59' 14.86" E	Northwest Point along reef on Uea Island
80	12° 28' 7.54" S	176° 58' 15.96" E	North Point along reef on Halhaveiag Island

81	12°	28'	7.72"	S	176°	58'	15.52"	E	Northwest Point along reef on Hafhaveiag Island
82	12°	29'	43.14"	S	176°	56'	6.39"	E	North Point along reef on Hofliua Island
83	12°	29'	43.67"	S	176°	56'	5.65"	E	North Point along reef on Uofliua Island
84	12°	29'	46.00"	S	176°	56'	2.63"	E	Northwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
85	12°	29'	46.26"	S	176°	56'	2.45"	E	Northwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
86	12°	29'	47.53"	S	176°	56'	1.93"	E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
87	12°	29'	48.79"	S	176°	56'	1.62"	E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
88	12°	29'	48.87"	S	176°	56'	1.62"	E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
89	12°	29'	49.70"	S	176°	56'	1.86"	E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
90	12°	29'	49.96"	S	176°	56'	1.97"	E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
91	12°	29'	52.99"	S	176°	56'	3.71"	E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
92	12°	29'	54.26"	S	176°	56'	4.64"	E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
93	12°	29'	54.41"	S	176°	56'	4.83"	E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
94	12°	29'	54.69"	S	176°	56'	5.20"	E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
95	12°	29'	54.82"	S	176°	56'	5.45"	E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
96	12°	29'	55.22"	S	176°	56'	6.46"	E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
97	12°	29'	56.03"	S	176°	56'	8.86"	E	South Point along reef on Hofliua Island
98	12°	31'	21.23"	S	177°	1'	56.88"	E	Point on the reef off Anmosega Point
99	12°	31'	42.08"	S	177°	5'	10.92"	E	Point along reef Southwest of Solnohu Island
100	12°	31'	51.19"	S	177°	8'	17.72"	E	Point along reef South of Ututu Village
101	12°	31'	44.22"	S	177°	8'	52.88"	E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island
102	12°	31'	41.77"	S	177°	8'	54.45"	E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island
103	12°	31'	37.81"	S	177°	8'	56.12"	E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island
104	12°	31'	31.62"	S	177°	8'	56.82"	E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island"

Made this 31st day of October 2012.

I. KUBUABOLA
Minister for Foreign Affairs
and International Co-operation

[LEGAL NOTICE NO. 83]

MARINE SPACES ACT
(CAP. 158A)

Marine Spaces (Archipelagic Baselines and Exclusive Economic Zone) (Amendment) Order 2012

IN exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sections 4 and 6 of the Marine Spaces Act (Cap. 158A), I hereby make the following Order—

Short title and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Marine Spaces (Archipelagic Baselines and Exclusive Economic Zone) (Amendment) Order 2012, and shall come into force on the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

2. The Marine Spaces (Archipelagic Baselines and Exclusive Economic Zone) Order shall be referred to as the “Principal Order”.

Amendment to all references to “paragraph” in the Principal Order

3. The Principal Order is amended by deleting “paragraph” wherever it appears and substituting “Order”.

Order 2 amended

4. Order 2 of the Principal Order is amended by deleting—

- (a) “World Geodetic System 1972 (WGS72) datum.” and substituting “International Terrestrial Reference System 2005 (ITRS2005) Geodetic Datum”; and
 (b) “, minus 7 seconds of latitude and 14 seconds of longitude in each case”.

New Order inserted

5. The Principal Order is amended by inserting the following new Order after Order 4—

“Territorial Seas Baselines of Ceva-i-ra Island

5. The points between which normal baselines are to be drawn for the purpose of determining the outermost limits of territorial seas baselines of Ceva-i-ra Island and the territorial seas baselines of Ceva-i-ra Island are declared to be the geographical co-ordinates, based on the International Terrestrial Reference System 2005 (ITRS2005) Geodetic Datum, specified in the Third Schedule.”

First Schedule amended

6. The First Schedule to the Principal Order is deleted and substituted with the following—

“FIRST SCHEDULE
(Order 2)

FIJI ARCHIPELAGO

No.	Latitude (ITRS2005)	Longitude (ITRS2005)	Reference
1	15° 42' 36.98" S	179° 59' 3.02" W	Nauli Pt. Cikobia Island
2	16° 17' 24.29" S	178° 26' 27.68" E	Cakau Levu Reef (Great Sea Reef)
3	16° 24' 42.08" S	178° 4' 47.47" E	Cakau Levu Reef (Great Sea Reef)
4	16° 30' 48.66" S	177° 51' 26.97" E	Due most SW end of Cakau Levu Reef
5	16° 39' 9.27" S	177° 34' 13.06" E	Small Is due north of NW point of Nanuya-i-ra Is
6	17° 6' 55.87" S	176° 54' 17.26" E	Reef due west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
7	17° 6' 58.42" S	176° 54' 14.40" E	Reef due west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
8	17° 7' 15.21" S	176° 54' 0.64" E	Reef due south west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
9	17° 7' 25.16" S	176° 53' 52.87" E	Reef due south west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
10	17° 8' 1.80" S	176° 53' 37.37" E	Reef due south west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
11	17° 9' 6.26" S	176° 53' 15.28" E	Reef due west of Varokani Island
12	17° 9' 10.34" S	176° 53' 14.16" E	Reef due west of Varokani Island
13	17° 11' 41.97" S	176° 52' 32.96" E	North of Nukuvatu island
14	17° 11' 43.00" S	176° 52' 32.89" E	North of Nukuvatu island
15	17° 12' 34.67" S	176° 52' 32.46" E	Reef due south of Nukuvatu Island
16	17° 30' 43.40" S	176° 54' 41.64" E	Mamanuca Reef, WSW of Kadamo Island
17	17° 31' 54.55" S	176° 55' 0.57" E	Mamanuca Reef, WSW of Kadamo Island
18	17° 36' 38.74" S	176° 57' 45.66" E	Mamanuca Reef, due west of Monu Riki Island
19	17° 40' 12.77" S	176° 59' 47.46" E	Mamanuca Reef, due west of Mana Island
20	17° 43' 11.78" S	177° 1' 36.86" E	Small Isolated Reef, SW of Mana Island
21	18° 5' 25.60" S	177° 16' 31.69" E	Rove Pt & Nalake Pt, Natadola (Sigatoka)
22	19° 8' 18.18" S	177° 56' 44.61" E	Navalia Point, Vunisea
23	19° 8' 23.66" S	177° 56' 48.68" E	Navalia Point, Vunisea
24	19° 8' 25.43" S	177° 56' 50.52" E	Navalia Point, Vunisea
25	19° 10' 14.99" S	177° 59' 5.35" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
26	19° 10' 16.18" S	177° 59' 6.71" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
27	19° 10' 26.01" S	177° 59' 17.90" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
28	19° 10' 26.25" S	177° 59' 19.26" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea

29	19° 10'	26.49"	S	177° 59'	21.05"	E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
30	19° 11'	19.69"	S	178° 5'	43.35"	E	Nailisoj Reef, Vunisea
31	19° 11'	49.90"	S	179° 44'	50.66"	E	South of Matuku Island
32	20° 45'	1.92"	S	178° 54'	14.741"	W	Vuata Ono Reef
33	21° 2'	17.95"	S	178° 51'	29.62"	W	West of Tuvana-i-ra
34	21° 2'	21.82"	S	178° 51'	28.98"	W	West of Tuvana-i-ra
35	21° 2'	23.29"	S	178° 51'	28.76"	W	West of Tuvana-i-ra
36	21° 2'	34.89"	S	178° 51'	25.26"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
37	21° 2'	40.96"	S	178° 51'	23.40"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
38	21° 2'	44.09"	S	178° 51'	22.38"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
39	21° 2'	46.47"	S	178° 51'	20.77"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
40	21° 2'	53.42"	S	178° 51'	14.97"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
41	21° 2'	55.41"	S	178° 51'	11.60"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
42	21° 2'	58.67"	S	178° 51'	5.86"	W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
43	21° 3'	3.30"	S	178° 50'	50.07"	W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
44	21° 3'	3.45"	S	178° 50'	47.12"	W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
45	21° 3'	3.42"	S	178° 50'	44.56"	W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
46	21° 3'	2.46"	S	178° 50'	41.43"	W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
47	21° 1'	12.42"	S	178° 44'	46.61"	W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
48	21° 1'	10.79"	S	178° 44'	43.10"	W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
49	21° 1'	9.34"	S	178° 44'	41.10"	W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
50	21° 1'	7.25"	S	178° 44'	38.27"	W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
51	21° 1'	4.22"	S	178° 44'	35.96"	W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
52	21° 1'	0.23"	S	178° 44'	33.32"	W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
53	19° 48'	39.65"	S	178° 13'	23.14"	W	East of Vatoa Island
54	19° 47'	57.59"	S	178° 13'	21.51"	W	North East of Vatoa Island
55	18° 18'	46.26"	S	178° 13'	31.95"	W	Due SE of Argo Reefs
56	18° 17'	24.71"	S	178° 13'	33.52"	W	Due SE of Argo Reefs
57	17° 55'	43.31"	S	178° 14'	23.92"	W	Due East of Reid Reef
58	17° 55'	36.12"	S	178° 14'	25.28"	W	Due East of Reid Reef
59	17° 55'	33.84"	S	178° 14'	25.83"	W	Due East of Reid Reef
60	17° 55'	25.35"	S	178° 14'	29.86"	W	Due East of Reid Reef
61	17° 10'	11.73"	S	178° 37'	40.19"	W	Due north of Nuku Cikobia Reef
62	16° 5'	20.95"	S	179° 9'	14.97"	W	East of Ngelelevu Island
63	16° 5'	18.18"	S	179° 9'	17.48"	W	East of Ngelelevu Island
64	15° 56'	40.29"	S	179° 23'	51.52"	W	Due NE of Vetauua Island
65	15° 43'	51.27"	S	179° 54'	59.23"	W	North of Nasevula Village
66	15° 43'	35.88"	S	179° 55'	36.67"	W	North of Nasevula Village
67	15° 43'	29.44"	S	179° 55'	51.28"	W	Nauli Pt. Cikobia Island
68	15° 43'	9.34"	S	179° 57'	4.55"	W	Nauli Pt. Cikobia Island
69	15° 42'	37.95"	S	179° 58'	53.71"	W	Nauli Pt. Cikobia Island"

New Schedule inserted

7. The Principal Order is amended by inserting the following new Schedule after the Second Schedule—

“THIRD SCHEDULE
(Order 5)

CEVA-I-RA ISLAND

No.	Latitude (ITRS2005)				Longitude (ITRS2005)			
105	21°	44'	6.22"	S	174°	38'	46.37"	E
106	21°	43'	59.28"	S	174°	38'	47.40"	E
107	21°	43'	53.43"	S	174°	38'	45.83"	E
108	21°	43'	49.61"	S	174°	38'	41.63"	E
109	21°	43'	45.61"	S	174°	38'	36.60"	E

110	21°	43'	41.83"	S	174°	38'	30.75"	E
111	21°	43'	40.60"	S	174°	38'	24.98"	E
112	21°	43'	38.25"	S	174°	38'	17.42"	E
113	21°	43'	35.91"	S	174°	38'	10.45"	E
114	21°	43'	36.29"	S	174°	38'	4.06"	E
115	21°	43'	39.63"	S	174°	37'	58.33"	E
116	21°	43'	43.50"	S	174°	37'	52.00"	E
117	21°	43'	47.86"	S	174°	37'	43.92"	E
118	21°	43'	52.86"	S	174°	37'	36.08"	E
119	21°	43'	57.08"	S	174°	37'	31.65"	E
120	21°	44'	0.90"	S	174°	37'	26.57"	E
121	21°	44'	3.56"	S	174°	37'	21.19"	E
122	21°	44'	7.15"	S	174°	37'	16.36"	E
123	21°	44'	9.72"	S	174°	37'	10.66"	E
124	21°	44'	12.57"	S	174°	37'	7.18"	E
125	21°	44'	17.38"	S	174°	37'	4.64"	E
126	21°	44'	21.27"	S	174°	37'	5.19"	E
127	21°	44'	25.03"	S	174°	37'	7.07"	E
128	21°	44'	28.68"	S	174°	37'	10.69"	E
129	21°	44'	29.85"	S	174°	37'	17.04"	E
130	21°	44'	29.30"	S	174°	37'	25.92"	E
131	21°	44'	27.56"	S	174°	37'	33.85"	E
132	21°	44'	26.11"	S	174°	37'	44.24"	E
133	21°	44'	26.56"	S	174°	37'	52.68"	E
134	21°	44'	26.41"	S	174°	38'	2.21"	E
135	21°	44'	25.59"	S	174°	38'	9.78"	E
136	21°	44'	24.32"	S	174°	38'	17.69"	E
137	21°	44'	23.33"	S	174°	38'	24.76"	E
138	21°	44'	21.12"	S	174°	38'	32.44"	E
139	21°	44'	17.51"	S	174°	38'	39.75"	E
140	21°	44'	12.98"	S	174°	38'	44.19"	E

Made this 31st day of October 2012.

I. KUBUABOLA
Minister for Foreign Affairs
and International Co-operation

Schedule of Coordinates - Fiji Islands Archipelago

No.	Latitude (ITRF2005)	Longitude (ITRF2005)	Reference
1	15° 42' 36.98" S	179° 59' 3.02" W	Nauli Pt. Cikobia Island
2	16° 17' 24.29" S	178° 26' 27.68" E	Cakau Levu Reef (Great Sea Reef)
3	16° 24' 42.08" S	178° 4' 47.47" E	Cakau Levu Reef (Great Sea Reef)
4	16° 30' 48.66" S	177° 51' 26.97" E	Due most SW end of Cakau Levu Reef
5	16° 39' 9.27" S	177° 34' 13.06" E	Small Is due north of NW point of Namuya-i-ra Is
6	17° 6' 55.87" S	176° 54' 17.26" E	Reef due west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
7	17° 6' 58.42" S	176° 54' 14.40" E	Reef due west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
8	17° 7' 15.21" S	176° 54' 0.64" E	Reef due south west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
9	17° 7' 25.16" S	176° 53' 52.87" E	Reef due south west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
10	17° 8' 1.80" S	176° 53' 37.37" E	Reef due south west of Talasiga Pt. Tiliva Island
11	17° 9' 6.26" S	176° 53' 15.28" E	Reef due west of Varokani Island
12	17° 9' 10.34" S	176° 53' 14.16" E	Reef due west of Varokani Island
13	17° 11' 41.97" S	176° 52' 32.96" E	North of Nukuvatu island
14	17° 11' 43.00" S	176° 52' 32.89" E	North of Nukuvatu island
15	17° 12' 34.67" S	176° 52' 32.46" E	Reef due south of Nukuvatu Island
16	17° 30' 43.40" S	176° 54' 41.64" E	Mamanuca Reef, WSW of Kadamo Island
17	17° 31' 54.55" S	176° 55' 0.57" E	Mamanuca Reef, WSW of Kadamo Island
18	17° 36' 38.74" S	176° 57' 45.66" E	Mamanuca Reef, due west of Monu Riki Island
19	17° 40' 12.77" S	176° 59' 47.46" E	Mamanuca Reef, due west of Mana Island
20	17° 43' 11.78" S	177° 1' 36.86" E	Small Isolated Reef, SW of Mana Island
21	18° 5' 25.60" S	177° 16' 31.69" E	Rove Pt & Nalake Pt, Natadola (Sigatoka)
22	19° 8' 18.18" S	177° 56' 44.61" E	Navalia Point, Vunisea
23	19° 8' 23.66" S	177° 56' 48.68" E	Navalia Point, Vunisea
24	19° 8' 25.43" S	177° 56' 50.52" E	Navalia Point, Vunisea
25	19° 10' 14.99" S	177° 59' 5.35" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
26	19° 10' 16.18" S	177° 59' 6.71" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
27	19° 10' 26.01" S	177° 59' 17.90" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
28	19° 10' 26.25" S	177° 59' 19.26" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
29	19° 10' 26.49" S	177° 59' 21.05" E	Cakaulevu Reef, Vunisea
30	19° 11' 19.69" S	178° 5' 43.35" E	Nailisoi Reef, Vunisea
31	19° 11' 49.90" S	179° 44' 50.66" E	South of Manuku Island
32	20° 45' 1.92" S	178° 54' 14.741" W	Vuata Ono Reef
33	21° 2' 17.95" S	178° 51' 29.62" W	West of Tuvana-i-ra
34	21° 2' 21.82" S	178° 51' 28.98" W	West of Tuvana-i-ra
35	21° 2' 23.29" S	178° 51' 28.76" W	West of Tuvana-i-ra
36	21° 2' 34.89" S	178° 51' 25.26" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra

<i>No.</i>	<i>Latitude (ITRF2005)</i>	<i>Longitude (ITRF2005)</i>	<i>Reference</i>
37	21° 2' 40.96" S	178° 51' 23.40" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
38	21° 2' 44.09" S	178° 51' 22.38" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
39	21° 2' 46.47" S	178° 51' 20.77" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
40	21° 2' 53.42" S	178° 51' 14.97" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
41	21° 2' 55.41" S	178° 51' 11.60" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
42	21° 2' 58.67" S	178° 51' 5.86" W	South West of Tuvana-i-ra
43	21° 3' 3.30" S	178° 50' 50.07" W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
44	21° 3' 3.45" S	178° 50' 47.12" W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
45	21° 3' 3.42" S	178° 50' 44.56" W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
46	21° 3' 2.46" S	178° 50' 41.43" W	South of Tuvana-i-ra
47	21° 1' 12.42" S	178° 44' 46.61" W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
48	21° 1' 10.79" S	178° 44' 43.10" W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
49	21° 1' 9.34" S	178° 44' 41.10" W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
50	21° 1' 7.25" S	178° 44' 38.27" W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
51	21° 1' 4.22" S	178° 44' 35.96" W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
52	21° 1' 0.23" S	178° 44' 33.32" W	South East of Tuvana-i-colo
53	19° 48' 39.65" S	178° 13' 23.14" W	East of Vatoa Island
54	19° 47' 57.59" S	178° 13' 21.51" W	North East of Vatoa Island
55	18° 18' 46.26" S	178° 13' 31.95" W	Due SE of Argo Reefs
56	18° 17' 24.71" S	178° 13' 33.52" W	Due SE of Argo Reefs
57	17° 55' 43.31" S	178° 14' 23.92" W	Due East of Reid Reef
58	17° 55' 36.12" S	178° 14' 25.28" W	Due East of Reid Reef
59	17° 55' 33.84" S	178° 14' 25.83" W	Due East of Reid Reef
60	17° 55' 25.35" S	178° 14' 29.86" W	Due East of Reid Reef
61	17° 10' 11.73" S	178° 37' 40.19" W	Due north of Nuku Cikobia Reef
62	16° 5' 20.95" S	179° 9' 14.97" W	East of Ngelelevu Island
63	16° 5' 18.18" S	179° 9' 17.48" W	East of Ngelelevu Island
64	15° 56' 40.29" S	179° 23' 51.52" W	Due NE of Vetauua Island
65	15° 43' 51.27" S	179° 54' 59.23" W	North of Nasevula Village
66	15° 43' 35.88" S	179° 55' 36.67" W	North of Nasevula Village
67	15° 43' 29.44" S	179° 55' 51.28" W	Nauli Pt, Cikobia Island
68	15° 43' 9.34" S	179° 57' 4.55" W	Nauli Pt, Cikobia Island
69	15° 42' 37.95" S	179° 58' 53.71" W	Nauli Pt, Cikobia Island

Schedule of Coordinates - Rotuma & its Dependencies Archipelago

No.	Latitude (ITRF2005)	Longitude (ITRF2005)	Reference
70	12° 31' 15.61" S	177° 8' 57.06" E	Northern further most point of Afgaha Island
71	12° 30' 14.40" S	177° 8' 44.70" E	Eastern point on reef off Marama Point
72	12° 29' 49.02" S	177° 8' 31.49" E	Point on the reef off Papea Point
73	12° 29' 42.32" S	177° 8' 27.73" E	Point on the reef off Ohu Point
74	12° 29' 38.60" S	177° 8' 25.51" E	Point on the reef off Ohu Point
75	12° 28' 38.33" S	177° 7' 31.81" E	North Point along reef on Hautiu Island
76	12° 28' 37.82" S	177° 7' 31.14" E	North Point along reef on Hautiu Island
77	12° 27' 42.76" S	176° 59' 29.16" E	Northeast Point along reef on Uea Island
78	12° 27' 42.90" S	176° 59' 15.67" E	Northwest Point along reef on Uea Island
79	12° 27' 43.18" S	176° 59' 14.86" E	Northwest Point along reef on Uea Island
80	12° 28' 7.54" S	176° 58' 15.96" E	North Point along reef on Hafhaveiag Is.
81	12° 28' 7.72" S	176° 58' 15.52" E	Northwest Point along reef on Hafhaveiag Is.
82	12° 29' 43.14" S	176° 56' 6.39" E	North Point along reef on Hofliua Island
83	12° 29' 43.67" S	176° 56' 5.65" E	North Point along reef on Hofliua Island
84	12° 29' 46.00" S	176° 56' 2.63" E	Northwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
85	12° 29' 46.26" S	176° 56' 2.45" E	Northwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
86	12° 29' 47.53" S	176° 56' 1.93" E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
87	12° 29' 48.79" S	176° 56' 1.62" E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
88	12° 29' 48.87" S	176° 56' 1.62" E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
89	12° 29' 49.70" S	176° 56' 1.86" E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
90	12° 29' 49.96" S	176° 56' 1.97" E	West Point along reef on Hofliua Island
91	12° 29' 52.99" S	176° 56' 3.71" E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
92	12° 29' 54.26" S	176° 56' 4.64" E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
93	12° 29' 54.41" S	176° 56' 4.83" E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
94	12° 29' 54.69" S	176° 56' 5.20" E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
95	12° 29' 54.82" S	176° 56' 5.45" E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
96	12° 29' 55.22" S	176° 56' 6.46" E	Southwest Point along reef on Hofliua Island
97	12° 29' 56.03" S	176° 56' 8.86" E	South Point along reef on Hofliua Island
98	12° 31' 21.23" S	177° 1' 56.88" E	Point on the reef off Anmosega Point
99	12° 31' 42.08" S	177° 5' 10.92" E	Point along reef Southwest of Solnohu Is
100	12° 31' 51.19" S	177° 8' 17.72" E	Point along reef South of Utuu Village
101	12° 31' 44.22" S	177° 8' 52.88" E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island
102	12° 31' 41.77" S	177° 8' 54.45" E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island
103	12° 31' 37.81" S	177° 8' 56.12" E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island
104	12° 31' 31.62" S	177° 8' 56.82" E	Point along reef South of Afgaha Island

Schedule of Coordinates - Ceva-i-ra Island Normal Baseline

No.	Latitude (ITRF2005)				Longitude (ITRF2005)			
105	21°	44'	6.22"	S	174°	38'	46.37"	E
106	21°	43'	59.28"	S	174°	38'	47.40"	E
107	21°	43'	53.43"	S	174°	38'	45.83"	E
108	21°	43'	49.61"	S	174°	38'	41.63"	E
109	21°	43'	45.61"	S	174°	38'	36.60"	E
110	21°	43'	41.83"	S	174°	38'	30.75"	E
111	21°	43'	40.60"	S	174°	38'	24.98"	E
112	21°	43'	38.25"	S	174°	38'	17.42"	E
113	21°	43'	35.91"	S	174°	38'	10.45"	E
114	21°	43'	36.29"	S	174°	38'	4.06"	E
115	21°	43'	39.63"	S	174°	37'	58.33"	E
116	21°	43'	43.50"	S	174°	37'	52.00"	E
117	21°	43'	47.86"	S	174°	37'	43.92"	E
118	21°	43'	52.86"	S	174°	37'	36.08"	E
119	21°	43'	57.08"	S	174°	37'	31.65"	E
120	21°	44'	0.90"	S	174°	37'	26.57"	E
121	21°	44'	3.56"	S	174°	37'	21.19"	E
122	21°	44'	7.15"	S	174°	37'	16.36"	E
123	21°	44'	9.72"	S	174°	37'	10.66"	E
124	21°	44'	12.57"	S	174°	37'	7.18"	E
125	21°	44'	17.38"	S	174°	37'	4.64"	E
126	21°	44'	21.27"	S	174°	37'	5.19"	E
127	21°	44'	25.03"	S	174°	37'	7.07"	E
128	21°	44'	28.68"	S	174°	37'	10.69"	E
129	21°	44'	29.85"	S	174°	37'	17.04"	E
130	21°	44'	29.30"	S	174°	37'	25.92"	E
131	21°	44'	27.56"	S	174°	37'	33.85"	E
132	21°	44'	26.11"	S	174°	37'	44.24"	E
133	21°	44'	26.56"	S	174°	37'	52.68"	E
134	21°	44'	26.41"	S	174°	38'	2.21"	E
135	21°	44'	25.59"	S	174°	38'	9.78"	E
136	21°	44'	24.32"	S	174°	38'	17.69"	E
137	21°	44'	23.33"	S	174°	38'	24.76"	E
138	21°	44'	21.12"	S	174°	38'	32.44"	E
139	21°	44'	17.51"	S	174°	38'	39.75"	E
140	21°	44'	12.98"	S	174°	38'	44.19"	E